

THAW GIVES UP FIGHT FOR TRIAL

Decides to Let Canadian Immigration Board Pass on Case.

AT PEACE WITH COUNSEL

Lawyers Lack Talent, He Says, but He Is Glad to Have Them.

DEFIES HIS "PURSUERS"

Stanford White's Slayer Thinks Dead Man's Friends Are Hounding Him.

ENHARBROOK, Que., Aug. 23.—Harry K. Thaw has decided to let the Canadian authorities pass whether he shall be deported to Vermont or permitted to remain at will, a free and legally sane man, through the Dominion. At least he had decided on this course to-night. He may change his mind to-morrow.

This decision having been reached peace reigned again in Thaw's legal household. His attorneys, or most of them, left for their homes to spend Sunday. Thaw felt so good that he sent out word for the New York newspaper men to come and see him.

"I wanted to tell you gentlemen," he said—Thaw rarely forgets the word gentlemen—"that if it had not been for me Dr. Krieb would not be the head of Matteawan."

The announcement was made without warning, and had not been solicited. It was the sentence with which he began his little speech to the New York public.

"I don't know that I got him in place there," he went on, "but I do know that I got Amos T. Baker out, and if Amos T. Baker hadn't been set aside Krieb never would have got in. That's plain, isn't it?"

Everybody agreed that it was, and Thaw, apparently well pleased with himself and the way things had been going during the day, sat down in a kitchen chair. During previous interview since his visit to Sherbrooke jail Thaw's talks have been accompanied by the tramp of his feet as he walked back and forth.

Says Baker Is Morbid.

"It didn't make a bit of difference to me," said Thaw, "who was head of Matteawan so long as Baker was out. That was all I wanted. He was very, very queer and a morbid sort of fellow, the kind you know who always ends by committing suicide."

In speaking with Thaw one gets the impression that beneath his calm exterior every nerve is quivering. He talks very quickly, tersely and the "I" is frequently sprinkled in most of his sentences.

"Now Krieb is different," Thaw continued. "Krieb is brutal but harmless. He liked to pick on the poor boys in Matteawan and make life unpleasant for them. I found that out very soon."

Thaw was asked a few questions. They ranged from his attitude toward the press to the sequence of his thoughts. When he completed his sketch of Dr. Krieb there was a pause.

Some one started to make an inquiry. At the first words Thaw rose half out of his chair, beginning to speak rapidly. "Just a minute, just a minute, please, do not interrupt me. I have not finished what I was going to say."

Tells of His Hopes.

Without giving himself a chance to catch a second breath he began:

"I think acting Governor Glynn will become less aspersive toward me since the publication of certain editorials in a New York paper."

Thaw is continually referring to editorials in newspapers and to items of news regarding himself. He follows carefully everything that is printed about him. Everything is tabulated and he is the subject of his conversation for hours afterward. He is constantly speaking of these matters.

"Some smart Alec," he continued, "will go to Gov. Glynn and say to him: 'Now you see this paper has a big circulation because it prints to-day the same editorial about me that it printed seven years ago. That seems strange, but it is true.' And that with rather shaky paragraph for Gov. Glynn and the newspapers for a few minutes. This is the way he started out."

That note which Evelyn said she got from me after my escape from Matteawan was a fake, a bald fake. I never wrote such a letter. There is only one thing that makes me think she may have had a hand in it. It was signed with my initials, H. K. T. Evelyn knows that I almost always sign my letters that way.

Threatens Newspapers.

"The note to my mother was all right. No, I won't tell where I gave it to, but I wrote it myself. The one to the Associated Press I wrote too. Apparently they never got it. I gave it to a man we met on the road to Philadelphia. I only mention this because it will be of importance to a good many people. In that note I told the Associated Press to wait till the papers throughout the country had any paper that refers to me as a fugitive from justice will have a libel suit on its hands. That will be a surprise to some newspaper proprietors, I guess."

At this point Thaw was asked again if he would not tell the details of his flight and the channels through which he was able to communicate with his confederates. He thought over the question for a few seconds, and then said:

"For the first time in my life I have got a number of lawyers who have no tremendous amount of ability. They are pursuing me here for years. They are pursuing me here, but their influence is waning. Yes."

He ran his fingers back through his hair, a habit in which he frequently indulges.

"His eyes were red. He stepped over to a table where there was a stack of envelopes and postcards and picked up one. Out of it he pulled a shapeless bit of black rubber. It was an unfinishing toy balloon. He put his lips to the opening and blew into it until it was half inflated. Then he held it up for general

inspection, his fingers gripping the neck, and laughed, with the remark:

"Some people are crazy."

A chorus of rather mirthless laughter greeted Thaw's words.

"Well, public opinion in New York and elsewhere is steadily growing in my favor," he went on. "There's no doubt about it. Canadians are learning that New York State is trying to treat Canada as a little, tiny principality. They don't like that, naturally. I think I was wiser after all to come here than I would have been had I gone to Pennsylvania as I expected."

A brief silence followed. Suddenly Thaw began to laugh quietly.

"I should like to have had my mental condition on the day following my escape," he murmured, "compared with that of Dr. Krieb who was the calmer."

Worried About Jerome.

This observation pleased Thaw immensely. He was still chuckling when he was asked this question:

"Did you know, Mr. Thaw, that Jerome is to be here to-morrow?"

The chuckling stopped abruptly. Thaw's eyes passed interrogatively from one face to another.

"You don't mean it?" he exclaimed. "Is that really so? Is that so?"

He was assured that information to that effect had reached Sherbrooke. He was sharply taken back by the news. In a moment, however, he regained the calm composure that had been more or less characteristic of him during the interview.

"Well, Willie will have a good time if he comes here. I hope he will come. Ha! Ha! I have a lot of things on Jerome. I was asked to bring them on the third day of the hearing at White Plains in 1911, but I decided not to. I was going to bring them on another occasion, but I decided not to. I will bring them soon, however."

His interviewers, or rather his auditors, for he would not be questioned, got up to leave.

"By the way," he asked, "where is Evelyn staying in New York?"

When he was told he simply said:

"Hum!"

There was a stenographer to-day in the hospital ward where Thaw is confined. Everything that the prisoner said was taken down in shorthand. Earlier in the day Thaw offered to sell his brief treatise on "Signs of Insanity" to a second New York newspaper, the first one he offered it to having declined it.

Quarrel Patched Up.

The break which occurred yesterday between Thaw and his counsel was patched up to-day in measure. Thaw received \$2,000 by telegraph. Harry R. Fraser, K. C., made this statement:

"Mr. Thaw and his lawyers are in thorough accord regarding the legal aspects of his case. His counsel do not, however, approve of his talking for publication. I understand that this is an old habit with Mr. Thaw."

Amity between Thaw and his lawyers was reestablished when Thaw decided to let his case go to the immigration authorities. He had been told by counsel that he might pursue that course or attempt to get a jury trial in the court of King's Bench, crown side, next October, when that court sits in Sherbrooke.

William K. McKewen, a brother-in-law of the Canadian Minister of Justice, C. D. Doherty, explained that such a trial might be obtained if Thaw would drop the habeas corpus writ pending, and ask for a writ of habeas corpus to be issued by the court on the complaint on which he is now locked up and demand a jury trial.

Should the verdict in the court of King's Bench, crown side, be against Thaw, an appeal to the same court on the appeal side might be made. By various steps it would be possible for Thaw thus to get his case up to the judicial committee of the King's Privy Council in England. Such a case would consume a very long period of time. As the procedure is now mapped out Thaw is to have argument on his habeas corpus writ before Judge Arthur Gloaghen Wednesday next at 10 o'clock. Attorneys for both sides say that he will be released at that time and taken into custody by the immigration authorities.

Expect Adverse Decision.

The Minister of the Interior will decide where the board of inquiry will sit. It probably will be in Montreal. Further, Thaw's lawyers said to-day that board will probably find that Thaw should be deported. In such an event it would be possible to appeal against the decision to the Minister of the Interior.

If the appeal is successful, Thaw may be in Newport, Vt., the point to which he will likely be deported, next Thursday. There he will start a fight against extradition to New York and an appeal against the decision to the Minister of the Interior to decide whether Thaw is to be set free in Canada or turned back into the United States. Mr. McKewen was asked if he expected to have a fight taken to United States territory, and refused to say.

Last Tuesday, the day of Thaw's arrest, G. Sanderson McLeish, a theatrical man, was sitting in Rector's restaurant in New York when the newsmen began their cry, "Thaw arrested." McLeish bought a paper, looked at a telegraph booth and called Mr. Margaret Carnegie at the Gotham. He met Mr. and Mrs. Carnegie in Europe several years ago.

Ten minutes later McLeish had retained Thaw in the place by long distance telephone to look out for Thaw's interests. Thaw had already retained Charles D. White of Sherbrooke. Mr. White is one of the many lawyers who have been retained by Thaw. McLeish started for Sherbrooke the next day with Mr. and Mrs. Carnegie.

Meet Thaw Half Way.

It is still the opinion here that the immigration department has met Thaw half way and will continue to do so. Despite this fact the immigration inspectors at Sherbrooke had this to say to-day:

"This is one place where Thaw's millions will not have any effect on this case. He will be dealt with exactly as if he were a pauper."

Educated Roger Thompson may receive an offer of immunity on the conspiracy warrant out against him in New York if he can deliver information that will seem a fair dicker to the New York authorities. He was closeted with his lawyer, Louis St. Laurent, for a long time this morning. He denied that he had any money and asked if Thaw did not make life more comfortable for him. In the afternoon he got a box of cigars and some information regarding the hotel fare obtainable in the Macgill House. In the evening he made a signed statement regarding his personal history. It contained none of the details of Thaw's flight from Matteawan.

Former Governor Stone of Pennsylvania arrived at Sherbrooke to-night. He has come at Thaw's request.

Gov. Stone went directly from the station, where he was met by Mr. McKewen and Mr. Fraser, to the jail. He talked with Thaw for an hour.

"He looks natural," was the Governor's comment. "I cannot say anything about the case until I have familiarized myself with its details."

Cheering Words From Friends.

Here are a few samples of the letters Thaw has been receiving by the barrel load:

"CONGRESS HOTEL, CHICAGO, AUGUST 20. 'FRIEND HARRY: Arrived safe. Will write letter. Hope everything turns out well. Best, Ben Fren.'

"SOUTH BARRY, VT., AUGUST 21. 'DEAR HARRY: Did you see any dust Sunday? Don't venture back until after we have had a shower or two. Canadian air is whizzing and hot and see you. Good-by, old boy, cheer up. 'H. M. L.'"

One from a person who said she was a Christian Scientist said she was glad Thaw had conquered fear. Another letter read:

"HERALD SQUARE HOTEL, 'NEW YORK, AUGUST 21. 'Don't mention Evelyn's name and how you feel toward her if you expect to get

out of this trouble. We are doing all we can to stop this persecution, but you must keep silent. Don't talk at all. 'J. T. Robbins.'

A post card from one woman said she wept when she heard of Thaw's arrest. James Holmes, negro, wrote that he would like to be Thaw's valet. "I waited on you in a Washington hotel when you were only 4 years old," he wrote.

SAYS THAW IS UNGRATEFUL.

"Educated Roger" Thompson in Sore Plight, He Says.

Over the telephone wire from Sherbrooke jail to THE EVENING SUN yesterday "Educated Roger" Thompson sobbed out a story of how he was an unwilling partner in Thaw's escape from Matteawan. Thaw's chauffeur in the flight to Canada said in a quivering voice that he did not dare tell all he knew, although he would like to; that he was in jail without friends and without any knowledge of what was going to happen to him.

"I'm held," Thompson exclaimed, "for the lack of a paltry \$500 cash bail, and it doesn't look as though I shall be able to come across. I'm in a cell, but Thaw is well cared for. I don't squal. I wish I dared tell everything. I'm sorry I can't tell New York the facts, the line of flight and the conspiracy to escape Thaw. I discovered it on my way here. But until my lawyers find out what may happen to me I've got to wait."

Thompson said that he had no idea such startling things were going to happen when he started out with the car that spirited Thaw away from Matteawan. When he found out what was being done, he added, he begged Thaw to go back to the asylum. It was useless and so he went on and now fears the ingratitude of the Thaws.

"I'm not a squealer," said Thompson, "but if it comes to a showdown Thaw can't expect much at my hands."

"I'm all upset. All I want to do is to get out of this trouble, and after I'm out of it I can tell lots of things that I learned while I was on my way here with Thaw. Have you thought of it in this light—that I was in effect a prisoner of Thaw's while we were coming up here? I didn't want to join that party, and when I was stubborn they just made me come along. Now I suppose the Thaws think that the best thing they can do is to keep me in a cell so that they can prevent me from telling the facts. And I can't talk till I have some assurances."

Thompson said he has a new lawyer named St. Laurent, whom some one hired for him.

Harry Thaw said over the wire yesterday that he was looking after Thompson. "Let him boller," said Thaw. "He doesn't know anything."

FLOOD THREATENS TO SQUEAL.

Chauffeur Who Aided Thaw Hasn't Been Paid Yet.

The big black touring car which carried Harry K. Thaw out of New York State is back in the city again. John Collins, the owner of the car, admitted yesterday that it was once more in his possession.

"I've got it locked up safe and sound," he said. "You can't see it until you tell me how much I'll get for showing it. Collins said he did not go to East Rochester, N. H., for the car, but he would not tell who brought it to New York."

"All I can tell you," Collins added, "is that the man who took the car away in the first place didn't get much out of it."

There was a report around Forty-second street yesterday that Tom Flood, one of the chauffeurs indicted for helping Thaw to escape, was in town and that he threatened to "squeal" if Dick Butler did not "come across" with some \$20,000 which he is said to have received for the Thaw job.

Workmen at the International Garage at 252 West Forty-first street, where Flood keeps his taxicab, admitted that they had heard Flood was in town, but they said they had not seen him. Neither Flood nor his wife has returned to the flat at 166 West Forty-first street, according to the landlady.

The landlady at 534 West Forty-second street, where Eugene Duffy and his sister live, said that she had seen nothing of Duffy since last Saturday. Miss Duffy, the landlady, said that she had seen Duffy since Sunday. She was surprised, she said, when she saw an interview with Miss Duffy printed in one of the afternoon papers, since she was sure that no one had seen or talked with the young woman.

TALE OF M'DERMOTT LOAN IN BILL FIGHT

Brewer Says Congressman Still Owes \$500 He Got During War on Measure.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 23.—Hugh F. Harvey, former president of the Allied Liquor Dealers Associations of the District of Columbia, told the House lobby committee to-day that Representative John M. McDermott had borrowed \$500 from him while the present excise law for the district was awaiting action by the House.

McDermott told him, he said, that he had been compelled to mortgage his mother's home and that \$500 was necessary to save it from foreclosure.

The loan, Mr. Harvey added, had been made on a note dated in September, 1912, for ninety days at 6 per cent, but was still unpaid either as to principle or interest.

Chairman Garrett and Representative Cline of Indiana both suggested the possibility of an understanding that the note was not to be considered a collection debt. Mr. Harvey, however, assured the committee that no such understanding existed.

"Well, why did you lend it to him?" demanded Mr. Garrett.

"We did not think it would be such a mistake," replied Mr. Harvey.

Mr. McDermott told him that he was a member of Congress.

"Did you lend it to him because he was a member of Congress?" asked Mr. Cline.

"Would you lend me offhand like that \$500?"

"Oh, I think so, Judge," replied Mr. Harvey. "Besides, this was the first time I had ever been asked for money by a Congressman."

The committee was unable to establish any direct connection between the loan and the stringent anti-liquor legislation pending in Congress at the time. It was pointed out, however, that the Jones-Walker Liquor Licensing Bill had been passed by the Senate and would be new business for the House when it met in December. The liquor men were bitterly opposed to the bill in its new shape.

Col. Mulhall, who was one of the morning witnesses, said McDermott told him he had received \$2,000 from the United States Brewers Association.

Before going to Chicago to campaign for McDermott in 1912, Mulhall added, he had gone to New York to ask John D. McDermott, the Congressman's cousin, either to contribute to the campaign fund or put him, Mulhall, in touch with Chicago people who would.

"John McDermott told me," said Mulhall, "that Representative McDermott was what was known as a hungry politician and always after something. He said there was a good man running against McDermott and that his organization did not care who won."

"It was at that time when I told him that Representative McDermott had told me that the United States Brewers Association had promised him \$5,000 and that it was with the greatest difficulty that he had collected \$2,000, that John McDermott told me the Congressman had been paid that sum for his vote in the Cannon rules fight."

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Some of the Best Values of the entire sale will be presented, all odd pieces and broken suites having been still further reduced to effect an immediate disposal.

3-Piece Parlor Suite (illustrated) Upholstered in tapestry Value \$225.00 \$150.00



Upholstered Furniture of Our Own Make
Luxurious Furniture constructed in our building under our own supervision. We mention just a few of the items included in this sale.

\$16.50 Rockers. \$9.75 \$20.00 Couches. \$15.00
\$25.00 Rockers. \$21.50 \$45.00 Couches. \$35.00
\$35.00 Chairs. \$25.00 \$40.00 Settees. \$30.00
\$20.00 Wardrobe. \$10.00
Couches. \$15.00 Davenport. \$8.00

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JUSTICE HOOKER IN RENOMINATION FIGHT

Has 23 Votes Out of 74. With Five Candidates for Two Places on Bench.

GREINER BACKS O'MALLEY

Democrats and Progressives Name H. B. Bissell and Carlos C. Alden.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Aug. 23.—Both Democrats and Progressives in the Eighth Judicial district convention nominated Herbert B. Bissell, Democrat, and Carlos C. Alden, Progressive, for Justices of the Supreme Court to-day. Judge Bissell is now serving on the bench by appointment of Gov. Dix, filling a vacancy caused by the death of Judge Spring.

Mr. Alden, who was a Progressive nominee for Judge of the Court of Appeals, is nominated to succeed Justice Warren B. Hooker of Fredonia, whose term ends this year.

Justice Hooker is battling in a deadlock in the Republican judicial convention to succeed himself. His opponents are ex-Attorney-General Edward R. O'Malley of Buffalo, County Judge Harry L. Taylor of Erie county, County Judge Charles Hickey of Niagara and County Judge E. H. Washburn of Genesee. Taylor was the crack first baseman of the Baltimore club in the late '90s.

Hooker has twenty-three out of seventy-four votes in the convention and has succeeded in having a rule adopted that the nominations shall be made one at a time and the nomination for his place first.

Taylor, a leading candidate, hesitates to ally himself with Hooker because of the proceedings to impeach Judge Hooker, which failed. Postmaster Fred Greiner of Buffalo, for years Republican leader in Erie, is backing O'Malley, and his leadership hanks on the result.

Erie county went in to capture the two nominations, but the Hooker men stopped that.

The convention will meet again on Monday.

YALE WILL NOT RUN AGAIN.

Putnam Assemblyman Won't Make Race Against Fish.

CARROLL, Aug. 23.—John R. Yale, the present Assemblyman from Putnam county, will not be a candidate for reelection. Progressives and Democrats of Putnam county have agreed to support a fusion ticket.

The Progressive party of Putnam county met this afternoon at the court house in this village and made designations for county and town offices and various party positions. The Progressives agreed to fuse with the Democrats and Hamilton Fish, Jr., of Garrison, son of former Congressman Hamilton Fish, Sr., was designated for member of Assembly and Peter A. Anderson of Mahopac Falls for County Judge and Surrogate. In Yale's place the Republicans will name William H. Weeks, County Clerk, Weeks and former District Attorney of Putnam.

Assemblyman John R. Yale is one of the Republicans who voted against the Sulzer primary bill and for the impeachment of the Governor.

R. A. WILSON NAMED IN WAYNE.
Republican County Committee Opposes Direct Primaries.

LYONS, N. Y., Aug. 23.—The Wayne county Republican committee nominated to-day Riley A. Wilson of Savannah for member of Assembly, electing as delegates to the State convention Charles H. Betts, Marvin L. Greenwood, Henry R. Durfee, Albert Yeomans, Addison P. Smith, James P. Thompson alternates, James D. Balford, George C. Tinkelpaugh, Wilford T. Purchase, Jarvis L. Thorpe, J. Clarence Aldrich and Albert B. Bennett.

The Sulzer administration was characterized as the most extravagant, incompetent and inefficient administration this State has ever had.

Referring to the direct primary issue,

the resolutions favor the repeal of the present primary law and the enactment of a new law simple in its provisions, which would make it easy and convenient for the great mass of the voters to express directly their will.

W. A. GAGE RENOMINATED.

Montgomery Progressives Indorse Republican's Choice for Assembly.

AMSTERDAM, N. Y., Aug. 23.—The Republican county committee of Montgomery county this afternoon renominated Walter A. Gage of Canajoharie for member of Assembly and Charles P. Wood of Amsterdam for County Treasurer. George M. Albot of Fultonville was nominated for District Attorney.

The Progressives of the county have nominated Mr. Gage for member of Assembly. Earl V. Ausman, a Democrat of Fondra, for District Attorney, and Daniel C. Lehman, a Progressive of Amsterdam, for County Treasurer. Albot and Ausman, the nominees for District Attorney, are law partners with offices at Fondra.

GRIMME WINS BY ONE VOTE

Rockland Assemblyman Who Spoke by Sulzer Has a Fight.

NYACK, N. Y., Aug. 23.—The Democratic, Republican and Progressive county committees of Rockland county met this afternoon to designate Assembly and county candidates to be voted for at the primary election. The Republicans and Progressives nominated the same candidates. Beveridge C. Dunlop of Spring Valley, for member of Assembly. The Progressives were still in session late to-night, but it is believed they will name the same county ticket as the Republicans. Dunlop is a Progressive.

The Democrats had a fight at their meeting over the Assemblyman, Frederick G. Grimme, the present Assemblyman, voted for Sulzer in the impeachment proceedings at Albany. He was opposed by the Tammany men in the Rockland county Democracy. When a vote was taken Grimme was found to have pulled through by only a majority.

COURT ORDER IMPERILS 1,000.

Sprinkler System Ripped for Debt From Big Loft Building.

Sheriff Harburger, Deputy Sheriffs Metzger and Winters and twelve workmen, are endeavoring to tear out the water sprinkler system from the eight story loft building at 29 to 47 Broome street and 14 to 20 Lewis street, which is occupied by a number of cloak and suit firms employing nearly 1,000 persons, most of them women and girls.

The building is now without fire protection, and in response to notices sent yesterday by the Sheriff to the Fire, Exchange and the Bureau of Fire Protection it is expected that the authorities will act on Monday to compel the firms in the building to take some steps to protect their employees or close up their lofts.

The sprinkler system was put in some months ago by the H. G. Vogel Company at a cost of \$4,465. The building was then owned by the Minster Realty Company, of which ex-Alderman Louis Minster is president. The Minster company sold it to Elizabeth W. Stevens and Helen C. Mostyn, and there was \$5,400 still due on the sprinkler installation.

When the Vogel company tried to collect the new purchasers were responsible, they said that they bought the building with money borrowed from the bank. The bank had been fully paid for. After failing to collect from any one the Vogel company got a writ of replevin under which the Sheriff was instructed to remove the sprinkler system and deliver it to the Vogel company.

"I hope the Fire Department authorities will take prompt action on this building, as it is absolutely dangerous to 1,000 persons to work in it while it is left unprotected," said the Sheriff. "I am compelled to remove the sprinkler under the writ of replevin, but I have notified the proper authorities in order that they may see that something is done."

One of the tenants is Marshall Field & Co. of Chicago, which has one of its manufacturing departments there.

Say Paintings Is Bogus.

A suit to recover \$5,000 paid for an alleged bogus painting was filed in the Supreme Court yesterday by Hannah M. Edwards and Grace Edwards against Catharina Lambert. A painting of a Madonna said to be by Masolino da Panicale is the work in question.

J. D. ARCHBOLD PRAISES WILSON.

Predicts Success for Administration as He Sails for Europe.

John D. Archbold of the Standard Oil Company sailed yesterday by the White Star liner Olympic, he and Mrs. Archbold coming down to the pier aboard his steam yacht Vixen. His name was not on the passenger list. He said his departure had no business significance, that he was going away merely for rest and incidentally would visit his married daughter, who lives in England.

Mr. Archbold said he believed President Wilson's administration will be a success, that the President is able and honest, and that there is a general belief that he is handling the problems confronting him with good judgment.

Mr. and Mrs. John H. Hanan, whose Narragansett home recently was robbed of \$30,000 in jewelry, also sailed by the Olympic. Mr. Hanan denied that his wife is going away for recuperation because of a nervous breakdown caused by the robbery. He said it was really his own health that made the trip necessary. He will take one of the cruises in Germany.

CLAYTON'S CASE STILL HELD UP.

Bill to Provide for Filling Senate Vacancies to Be Prepared.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 23.—The Senate Committee on Privileges and Elections took no final action to-day on the certificate of Henry D. Clayton as Senator from Alabama. It was agreed that the Representative should have a hearing next week.

A subcommittee was created, of which Senator Walsh of Montana was made chairman, to prepare a bill or resolution providing that the present State laws enacted for the election of State officers shall be applicable in the election of United States Senators until such time as the State may enact further provisions for such elections through their Legislatures.

This amounts to an assertion of temporary Federal control over the election of Senators against which the Southern Democratic Senators protested so vigorously when the resolution submitting the Constitutional amendment was before the Senate. The amendment provided that Congress may fix a "true, manner and place" for holding elections in the States to choose Senators.

Conry to Succeed Harrison.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 23.—Members of the New York Congressional delegation to-day favored Michael F. Conry of New York city to succeed Francis Burton Harrison, the new Governor-General of the Philippines, as New York member of the Ways and Means Committee. House leaders accept the choice.

President Picks John H. Gleason.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 23.—John H. Gleason was selected to-day by President Wilson as United States Attorney for the northern district of New York. He was endorsed by all factions of the Democratic party in the State.

There is much grumbling among the hack drivers over the new ordinance. Arguments on the temporary license obtained by the taxicab companies will take place before Justice Whitaker in Special Term, Part I, to-morrow.

There was no confusion at the new public hack stands yesterday and the police and men connected with the Bureau of Licenses worked in harmony enforcing the new taxicab ordinance.

It is splendid the way the police, from the commissioner down, are cooperating with us," said Deputy Chief John Drennen of the Bureau of Licenses during a very brief breathing spell from his duties of issuing licenses for rice, testing taximeters, etc. in the inspection bureau at 24 West Forty-ninth street. "The police have been on the job since the very start, and that is very gratifying."

Thus far Drennen and his staff have issued licenses for 1,300 taxis and 2,500 men, and when their work is done it is believed that the total number of vehicles for passenger hire in the city will not be far from 4,000, the figures of last year.

I told the injunction suits against the American Taxicab Company and the Broadway Auto Touring Company, which operates the sight-seeing cars, shall have been decided, the men who are getting the preliminaries of the new ordinance into shape will move cautiously.

Not when an offending driver who has not taken out his license or whose rig is minus the official license plate is found, he is handed a summons by a policeman or one of Deputy Chief Drennen's assistants for his appearance in court.